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Agrément Certificate 21/5939

Product Sheet 1

SMARTPLY MAX OSB/3 PANELS

SMARTPLY MAX FOR FLOORING

This Agrément Certificate Product Sheet⁽¹⁾ relates to SMARTPLY MAX for Flooring, loadbearing oriented strand boards suitable for use as structural floor decking on joists in domestic, residential and office buildings.

(1) Hereinafter referred to as 'Certificate'.

CERTIFICATION INCLUDES:

- factors relating to compliance with Building Regulations where applicable
- factors relating to additional non-regulatory information where applicable
- independently verified technical specification
- assessment criteria and technical investigations
- · design considerations
- · installation guidance
- · regular surveillance of production
- formal three-yearly review.

KEY FACTORS ASSESSED

Structural performance — the product, when incorporated into a floor structure, can contribute to structural strength and stiffness by distributing the dead and imposed loads to the supporting structure (see section 6).

Behaviour in relation to fire — the product has a reaction to fire classification of D-s1 (see section 7).

Resistance to moisture — provided adequate precautions are taken, the product will have adequate moisture resistance (see section 8).

Durability — the product, incorporated into the completed flooring, will have a service life equal to that of the building in which it is installed (see section 11).

The BBA has awarded this Certificate to the company named above for the product described herein. This product has been assessed by the BBA as being fit for its intended use provided it is installed, used and maintained as set out in this Certificate.

On behalf of the British Board of Agrément

Date of First issue: 25 October 2021

Hardy Giesler Chief Executive Officer

The BBA is a UKAS accredited certification body – Number 113.

The schedule of the current scope of accreditation for product certification is available in pdf format via the UKAS link on the BBA website at www.bbacerts.co.uk

Readers MUST check the validity and latest issue number of this Agrément Certificate by either referring to the BBA website or contacting the BBA directly.

Any photographs are for illustrative purposes only, do not constitute advice and should not be relied upon.

British Board of Agrément

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Regulations

In the opinion of the BBA, SMARTPLY MAX for Flooring, if installed, used and maintained in accordance with this Certificate, can satisfy or contribute to satisfying the relevant requirements of the following Building Regulations (the presence of a UK map indicates that the subject is related to the Building Regulations in the region or regions of the UK depicted):



The Building Regulations 2010 (England and Wales) (as amended)

Requirement: Comment:

A1

Loading

The product has sufficient strength and stiffness to sustain and transmit design loads

to the primary structure without excessive deflection. See sections 4.1 and 6 of this

Certificate.

Requirement:

B3(1)(3)(4) Internal fire spread (structure)

Comment: The product can contribute to satisfying this Requirement. See section 7 of this

Certificate.

Requirement:

C2(c) Resistance to moisture

Comment: The product can contribute to a floor structure, suitably designed to prevent

excessive condensation. See section 8 of this Certificate.

Regulation: Comment: 7(1) Materials and workmanship

The product is acceptable. See section 11 and the *Installation* part of this Certificate.



The Building (Scotland) Regulations 2004 (as amended)

Regulation:

8(1) Durability, workmanship and fitness of materials

Comment: The use of the product satisfies the requirements of this Regulation. See section 11

and the Installation part of this Certificate.

Regulation: 9 Building standards applicable to construction

Standard:

1.1(a)(b) Structure

Comment: The product has sufficient strength and stiffness to sustain and transmit design loads

to the primary structure without excessive deflection, in accordance with clauses $1.1.1^{(1)(2)}$, $1.1.2^{(1)(2)}$ and $1.1.3^{(1)(2)}$ of this Standard. See sections 4.1 and 6 of this

Certificate.

Standard: 2.1 Compartmentation

Standard: 2.2 Separation

Standard: 2.3 Structural protection

Standard: 2.9 Escape

Comment: The product can contribute to satisfying regulatory requirements in accordance with

clauses $2.1.1^{(2)}$, $2.1.12^{(2)}$, $2.2.1^{(1)(2)}$, $2.2.2^{(1)(2)}$, $2.2.3^{(1)(2)}$, $2.2.4^{(1)(2)}$, $2.2.5^{(2)}$, $2.2.6^{(1)}$,

 $2.2.8^{(1)}$ and $2.3.2^{(1)(2)}$ of these Standards. See section 7 of this Certificate.

Standard: 3.15 Condensation

A vapour control layer must be provided on the room side of the construction to prevent damage arising from the passage of moisture vapour from the interior of the

building, in accordance with clauses 3.15.3⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾. See section 8 of this Certificate.

Standard: 7.1(a) Statement of sustainability

The product can contribute to meeting the relevant requirements of Regulation 9,

Standards 1 to 6 and therefore will contribute to a construction meeting a bronze

level of sustainability as defined in this Standard.

Regulation: 12 Building standards applicable to conversions

Comments in relation to the products under Regulation 9, Standards 1 to 6 also apply

to this Regulation, with reference to clause $0.12.1^{(1)(2)}$ and Schedule $6^{(1)(2)}$.

(1) Technical Handbook (Domestic).

(2) Technical Handbook (Non-Domestic).



The Building Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2012 (as amended)

Regulation: 23(a)(i) Fitness of materials and workmanship

Comment: (iii)(b) The product is acceptable. See section 11 and the Installation part of this Certificate.

Regulation: 29 Condensation

Comment: The product can contribute to a floor structure, suitably designed to prevent

excessive condensation. See section 8 of this Certificate.

Regulation: 30 Stability

Comment: The product has sufficient strength and stiffness to sustain and transmit design loads

to the primary structure without excessive deflection. See sections 4.1 and 6 of this

Certificate.

Regulation: 35(3)(4) Internal fire spread — Structure

Comment: The product can contribute to satisfying regulatory requirements. See section 7 of this

Certificate.

Construction (Design and Management) Regulations 2015 Construction (Design and Management) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2016

Information in this Certificate may assist the client, designer (including Principal Designer) and contractor (including Principal Contractor) to address their obligations under these Regulations.

See sections: 3 Delivery and site handling (3.5) and 12 General of this Certificate.

Additional Information

NHBC Standards 2021

In the opinion of the BBA, SMARTPLY MAX for Flooring, if installed, used and maintained in accordance with this Certificate, can satisfy or contribute to satisfying the relevant requirements in relation to *NHBC Standards*, Chapters 5.2 *Suspended ground floors*, 6.4 *Timber and concrete upper floors*, and 9.3 *Floor finishes*.

CE marking

The Certificate holder has taken the responsibility of CE marking the product in accordance with harmonised European Standard BS EN 13986 : 2004.

Technical Specification

1 Description

- 1.1 SMARTPLY MAX for Flooring comprises softwood flakes/strands bonded together with methylene diphenyl diisocyanate (MDI) resin and wax.
- 1.2 The panel is produced in standard thicknesses⁽¹⁾ of 15 and 18 mm, and panel sizes⁽¹⁾ of 2440 by 590 mm, 2400 by 600 mm, 2440 by 1220 mm, 2397 by 1197 mm and 2397 by 1200 mm.
- (1) Other thicknesses, in the range of 15 to 24 mm, and other panel sizes are available to order.

- 1.3 The nominal density of the panel is 600 kg·m⁻³.
- 1.4 The panel is available with square or tongue-and-groove edges (on two long edges or on all four edges), and is either sanded or unsanded.

2 Manufacture

- 2.1 The panel is manufactured to the specification detailed in BS EN 300 : 2006 for OSB/3, relating to loadbearing oriented strand boards used in humid conditions.
- 2.2 Quality control includes checks on raw materials, the production process and on the finished product.
- 2.3 In the manufacturing process, logs, to the Certificate holder's specification, are debarked and cut to length before passing through a waferiser machine. After drying and screening to remove fines, the strands/flakes are blended with resin and wax, and formed into a three-ply mat. In the outer two layers the strands/flakes are oriented in the direction of the major axis; in the core layer, the strands are oriented in the direction of the minor axis. The panel is formed by curing the mat under pressure and temperature and cutting to size.
- 2.4 As part of the assessment and ongoing surveillance of product quality, the BBA has:
- agreed with the manufacturer the quality control procedures and product testing to be undertaken
- assessed and agreed the quality control operated over batches of incoming materials
- monitored the production process and verified that it is in accordance with the documented process
- evaluated the process for management of nonconformities
- checked that equipment has been properly tested and calibrated
- undertaken to carry out the above measures on a regular basis through a surveillance process, to verify that the specifications and quality control operated by the manufacturer are being maintained.

3 Delivery and site handling

- 3.1 Handling, storage and delivery of the panels should be carried out in accordance with the requirements of PD CEN/TR 12872 : 2014 and BS 8103-3 : 2009.
- 3.2 To prevent distortion, panels should be stacked flat, clear of the floor, on level bearers, at centres not exceeding 600 mm.
- 3.3 The panel should be stored in a dry environment.
- 3.4 Each panel bears the product name, the production date, the nominal thickness, 'OSB/3', 'E1' (formaldehyde class), arrows indicating the major axis, and the BBA logo incorporating the number of this Certificate.
- 3.5 For delivery, panels are banded together in bundles up to 1.7 tonnes in weight and 900 mm in height. The panels are covered in transit to minimise changes in moisture content. Particular care should be taken to protect the edges and corners. Banding should be cut on arrival at site.

Assessment and Technical Investigations

The following is a summary of the assessment and technical investigations carried out on SMARTPLY MAX for Flooring.

Design Considerations

4 Use



4.1 SMARTPLY MAX for Flooring is suitable for use as residential or office flooring as specified for OSB/3 in PD CEN/TR 12872 : 2014 or BS 8103-3 : 2009. The product may be continuously supported or suspended over joists or battens.

- 4.2 The panel suitable for use in service classes 1 (dry) and 2 (humid conditions) of BS EN 1995-1-1: 2004 and its UK National Annex. This is characterised by a moisture content in the material corresponding to a temperature of 20°C and a relative humidity of the surrounding air exceeding 85%, for only a few weeks per year (see section 8).
- 4.3 Design and installation of the panel must be in accordance with BS EN 1995-1-1: 2004 and its UK National Annex, PD CEN/TR 12872: 2014, BS 12871: 2013 and BS 8103-3: 2009.
- 4.4 In accordance with BS EN 300: 2006, SMARTPLY MAX for Flooring is suitable for use in environmental conditions covered by use classes 1 and 2 for wood and wood-based products, as defined in BS EN 335: 2013. In such environments, the panel is covered and fully protected from the elements. Prolonged exposure to an air temperature of 20°C and a relative humidity of 90% may result in the recommended moisture content being exceeded.
- 4.5 The design thermal conductivity (λ value) of OSB, given in BS EN 12524 : 2000, is 0.13 W·m⁻¹·K⁻¹ and as such will not have a significant effect on the thermal transmittance (U value) of the floor construction.
- 4.6 In suspended timber floor applications:
- panels must have a minimum thickness of 15 mm (in domestic applications) and 18 mm (in office building applications)
- timber support work must be designed and used in accordance with BS EN 1995-1-1: 2004 and/or the relevant national Building Regulations
- ventilation underneath ground floors must be provided in accordance with BS 5250 : 2011. The ground beneath the floor should be free of topsoil and vegetable matter and be covered to resist moisture and prevent plant growth.
- 4.7 The panel will provide a suitable substrate for loose-laid floor coverings or those bonded with solvent or water-based adhesives. Resilient floor coverings such as cork, linoleum, rubber, or vinyl should be laid in accordance with BS 8203: 2017.

5 Practicability of installation

The product is designed to be installed by a competent general builder, or a contractor, experienced with this type of product.

6 Structural performance



- 6.1 For floor applications not covered by BS 8103-3: 2009, designers need to ensure that the selected panel will satisfy the load requirements specified in BS EN 1991-1-1: 2002 and its UK National Annex. Characteristic values for structural design using SMARTPLY MAX for Flooring may be taken from BS EN 12369-1: 2001.
- 6.2 For domestic loading for buildings within the scope of BS 8103-3: 2009 (low-rise buildings), OSB/3 floor decks should be designed with a minimum panel thickness of 15 mm for joist spacing up to 450 mm, and 18 mm for joist spacing up to 600 mm, for domestic loading.

7 Behaviour in relation to fire



- 7.1 The panels have a reaction-to-fire classification of D-s1, d0 in accordance with BS EN 13501-1 : 2007.
- 7.2 The fire resistance of other floor constructions incorporating the panel may be calculated with reference to BS EN 1995-1-2: 2004 and its UK National Annex or, where necessary, by undertaking an appropriate test at a United Kingdom Accreditation Service (UKAS) laboratory accredited for the test concerned.

8 Resistance to moisture



- 8.1 In common with all timber products, the OSB/3 is subject to moisture movement. As a guide, an increase in moisture content of 1% increases the length by 0.02%, width by 0.03% and thickness by 0.5%.
- 8.2 Under similar environmental conditions, the OSB/3 will take longer to equilibrate and will attain an equilibrium moisture content approximately 2 to 3% lower than solid timber.
- 8.3 To avoid distortion and damage to finishes, movement gaps, in accordance with the recommendations of PD CEN/TR 12872 : 2014, should be provided when installing the panel.
- 8.4 To minimise subsequent movement, before installation all wet site operations should be completed and the panel conditioned as close as is practicable to the environmental conditions likely to occur in service. To achieve this, the maximum moisture content of the panel at the time of installation or fixing, as determined using a properly calibrated moisture meter, should be as given in BS 8103-3: 2009, Annex A, Table A.1 (i.e. 12%). When quality of finish is of prime importance, floors should be laid at a moisture content within the range likely to be encountered in service and after the initial drying-out period is complete. The range of moisture content at the time of laying depends mainly on the type and intensity of heating to be employed in the building. As a guide, in accordance with BS 8103-3: 2009, Annex A, Table A.1 (footnote), under normal circumstances, moisture content ranges encountered for various heating conditions are:

unheated: 15 to 19%
intermittent heating: 10 to 14%
continuous heating: 9 to 11%
underfloor heating: 6 to 8%.

- 8.5 For floors where the finished appearance is of less importance, or floors intended to be covered, if laid at higher moisture content and earlier in the building process, the less stringent conditions can result in unsightly shrinkage gaps.
- 8.6 Damp-proof membranes and vapour control layers should be incorporated where necessary in accordance with the requirements of BS 8103-3: 2009 and BS 5250: 2011.
- 8.7 In a floor construction, in calculations for interstitial condensation according to BS 5250 : 2011, the water vapour resistance factor (μ) of OSB can be taken as 50 (dry cup) from BS EN ISO 10456 : 2007, Table 3.
- 8.8 Exposure to the elements should be minimised during installation. If wet, the panels must be allowed to dry out thoroughly before applying any floor coverings or surface coatings, or applying the full design load.
- 8.9 When used in high risk areas, such as kitchens and bathrooms, the panel must be protected from wetting, e.g. by providing a continuous waterproof covering, turned up and sealed at junctions with walls and where services pass through the floor.

9 Formaldehyde content

The panel achieves a Class E1* formaldehyde specification in accordance with BS EN 300: 2006. Therefore, when used in accordance with this Certificate, the quantity of formaldehyde gas emitted from the panel alone will not raise the overall building level to an extent which will affect habitability.

10 Maintenance

As the product has suitable durability (see section 11), will normally be confined within the building structure and, in most cases, will be covered with finishes, maintenance is not required.

11 Durability



11.1 The panel will have adequate durability and has a service life equal to that of the floor in which it is installed.

11.2 Care should be taken when designing, detailing and constructing buildings to ensure that moisture does not accumulate within the panel.

12 Reuse and recyclability

As wood-based materials, the product can be readily recycled.

Installation

13 General

- 13.1 SMARTPLY MAX for Flooring can be cut and fixed using conventional woodworking tools. Normal precautions should be taken to avoid inhalation of wood dust when cutting, drilling and sanding the panels. Safety glasses/goggles must be worn when cutting.
- 13.2 The panel can withstand normal site handling and fixing. Damaged panels should not be used. Normal safety precautions should be observed when handling large panels.

14 Procedure

- 14.1 Installation of SMARTPLY MAX for Flooring should be by use of conventional methods in accordance with PD CEN/TR 12872 : 2014 or BS 8103-3 : 2009 and the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 14.2 Exposure to weather should be minimised during installation. If wetted, boards must be allowed to dry out thoroughly before applying any floor coverings or surface coatings, or subjecting them to the full design load.

Technical Investigations

15 Tests

Tests were carried out and the results assessed to determine:

- material characteristics
- surface spread of flame
- hard body impact resistance.

16 Investigations

- 16.1 An assessment was made of the product's durability and behaviour in relation to moisture.
- 16.2 A review was made of a report supplied by the Certificate holder giving details of tests by a notified body leading to the reaction-to-fire classification in accordance with BS EN 13501-1: 2007.
- 16.3 A review was made of a report supplied by the Certificate holder giving details of static point load tests on the product as structural floor decking for load category A and B (residential and office use).

Bibliography

BS 5250: 2011 + A1: 2016 Code of practice for control of condensation in buildings

BS 8103-3: 2009 Structural design of low-rise buildings — Code of practice for timber floors and roofs for housing

BS 8203: 2017 Code of practice for installation of resilient floor coverings

BS EN 300: 2006 Oriented Strand Boards (OSB) — Definitions, classification and specifications

BS EN 335 : 2013 Durability of wood and wood-based products — Use classes — Definitions, Application to solid wood and wood-based products

BS EN 1991-1-1 : 2002 Eurocode 1 : Actions on structures — General actions — Densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings

NA to BS EN 1991-1-1 : 2002 Eurocode 1 : Actions on structures — General actions — Densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings

BS EN 1995-1-1 : 2004 + A2 : 2014 Eurocode 5 : Design of timber structures — General — Common rules and rules for buildings

NA to BS EN 1995-1-1 : 2004 + A2 : 2014 UK National Annex to Eurocode 5 : Design of timber structures — General — Common rules and rules for buildings

BS EN 1995-1-2: 2004 Eurocode 5: Design of timber structures — General — Structural fire design

NA to BS EN 1995-1-2 : 2004 UK National Annex to Eurocode 5 : Design of timber structures — General — Structural fire design

BS EN 12369-1 : 2001 Wood based panels — Characteristic values for structural design : OSB, particleboards and fibreboards

BS EN 12524: 2000 Building materials and products — Hygrothermal properties — Tabulated design values

BS EN 13501-1 : 2007 Fire classification of construction products and building elements — Classification using test data from reaction to fire tests

BS EN 13986 : 2004 + A1 : 2015 Wood-based panels for construction — Characteristics, evaluation of conformity and marking

BS EN 12871 : 2013 Wood based panels - Determination of performance characteristics for load bearing panels for use in floors, roofs and walls

BS EN ISO 10456 : 2007 Building materials and products — Hygrothermal properties — Tabulated design values and procedures for determining declared and design thermal values

PD CEN/TR 12872: 2014 Wood-based panels — Guidance on the use of load-bearing boards in floors, walls and roofs

Conditions of Certification

17 Conditions

17.1 This Certificate:

- relates only to the product/system that is named and described on the front page
- is issued only to the company, firm, organisation or person named on the front page no other company, firm, organisation or person may hold or claim that this Certificate has been issued to them
- is valid only within the UK
- has to be read, considered and used as a whole document it may be misleading and will be incomplete to be selective
- is copyright of the BBA
- is subject to English Law.
- 17.2 Publications, documents, specifications, legislation, regulations, standards and the like referenced in this Certificate are those that were current and/or deemed relevant by the BBA at the date of issue or reissue of this Certificate.
- 17.3 This Certificate will remain valid for an unlimited period provided that the product/system and its manufacture and/or fabrication, including all related and relevant parts and processes thereof:
- are maintained at or above the levels which have been assessed and found to be satisfactory by the BBA
- continue to be checked as and when deemed appropriate by the BBA under arrangements that it will determine
- are reviewed by the BBA as and when it considers appropriate.
- 17.4 The BBA has used due skill, care and diligence in preparing this Certificate, but no warranty is provided.
- 17.5 In issuing this Certificate the BBA is not responsible and is excluded from any liability to any company, firm, organisation or person, for any matters arising directly or indirectly from:
- the presence or absence of any patent, intellectual property or similar rights subsisting in the product/system or any other product/system
- the right of the Certificate holder to manufacture, supply, install, maintain or market the product/system
- actual installations of the product/system, including their nature, design, methods, performance, workmanship and maintenance
- any works and constructions in which the product/system is installed, including their nature, design, methods, performance, workmanship and maintenance
- any loss or damage, including personal injury, howsoever caused by the product/system, including its manufacture, supply, installation, use, maintenance and removal
- any claims by the manufacturer relating to CE marking.

17.6 Any information relating to the manufacture, supply, installation, use, maintenance and removal of this product/system which is contained or referred to in this Certificate is the minimum required to be met when the product/system is manufactured, supplied, installed, used, maintained and removed. It does not purport in any way to restate the requirements of the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974, or of any other statutory, common law or other duty which may exist at the date of issue or reissue of this Certificate; nor is conformity with such information to be taken as satisfying the requirements of the 1974 Act or of any statutory, common law or other duty of care.